



FLOODS AND ROADS: A DANGEROUS MIX

A major issue with hurricane storms is local area flooding. Too often, drivers attempt to traverse a flooded roadway, only to be swept away in the current.

The Problem:

A man in Pennsylvania, who refused to abandon his home during an evacuation, later was swept away as he attempted to leave in his automobile.

A man in Arlington, Texas, trying to prove to his friend the water he was crossing was safe enough to drive through, lost his life as he left his vehicle and attempted to wade to the other side.

These tragic events happen too often. Ironically, many drivers rescued from flood waters reported they were in a hurry to reach the safety of their home as a reason for attempting to cross flooded roadways.

Automobile commercials advertising the ability to drive through water lead to a false sense of security at best and tragic consequences at worst.

The Centers for Disease Control (CDC) report that over one-half of all flood-related drownings occur when a vehicle is driven into hazardous flood waters. The next highest percentage of flood-related deaths is due to walking into or near flood waters.

The Reason:

Where does the idea that “my heavy vehicle will keep me safe” come from? Perhaps the false trust in the weight of the vehicle you drive.

Many believe their 3000 pound or more vehicle will remain in contact with the road surface...that it is too heavy to float. Think about that for a moment. Aircraft carriers or cruise ships weighing 97,000 tons float.

Vehicles (and ships) float because of **buoyancy**. In fact, most cars can be swept away in 18- to 24-inches of moving water. Trucks and SUVs do not fare much better with an additional 6 to 12 inches of clearance.

Actually, in moving water, all that needs to happen is for the vehicle to become buoyant enough for the force of the moving water to push it sideways.

Once swept downstream, the vehicle will often roll to one side or perhaps flip over entirely. The driver and any passengers then only have a few seconds to escape the vehicle.

The Solution:

The solution is simple. **TURN AROUND, DON'T DROWN.** Stay out of flooded roadways. The water may be much deeper than it appears as the roadbed may be washed out. Also, respect the “road closed” barrier that may be posted to warn you of danger.

This solution applies to anyone attempting to walk through flowing water. **As little as 6 inches of rapidly moving water can sweep you off your feet.**

Consider carefully where you camp and/or park your vehicle along a stream or wash, especially during threatening conditions.

Be especially cautious at night when it is harder to recognize flood dangers.

Finally, know when you are at risk! Keep abreast of the latest weather watches and warnings from the National Weather Service with the NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards or through your favorite news source.

The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and Standard Highway Signs (SHS) book contain provisions for this type of incident warning sign, including size of the legend, colors, and shape. State and local highway agencies should warn motorists of temporary flooding conditions by using signs such as this. For further information, both the MUTCD and SHS can be found at: <http://mutcd.fhwa.dot.gov>.

In addition to NWS watches and warnings, road condition information during adverse weather is widely available from the State Department of Transportation. This information can be found on websites or by phone. Go to <http://www.fwha.gov/trafficinfo/index.htm> to get to this information online. Or, call 511 to get travel condition information.

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For additional information contact risk management services at **1- 800-228-0986** and select **“safety and risk control”** from the available options.

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